#### SECTION 220500 COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Piping materials and installation instructions common to most piping systems.
    - 2. Transition fittings.
    - 3. Mechanical sleeve seals.
    - 4. Sleeves.
    - 5. Escutcheons.
    - 6. Grout.
    - 7. Equipment installation requirements common to equipment sections.
    - 8. Painting and finishing.
    - 9. Concrete bases.
    - 10. Supports and anchorages.

### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finished Spaces: Spaces other than mechanical and electrical equipment rooms, furred spaces, pipe chases, unheated spaces immediately below roof, spaces above ceilings, unexcavated spaces, crawlspaces, and tunnels.
- B. Exposed, Interior Installations: Exposed to view indoors. Examples include finished occupied spaces and mechanical equipment rooms.
- C. Exposed, Exterior Installations: Exposed to view outdoors or subject to outdoor ambient temperatures and weather conditions. Examples include rooftop locations.
- D. Concealed, Interior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from physical contact by building occupants. Examples include above ceilings and in chases.
- E. Concealed, Exterior Installations: Concealed from view and protected from weather conditions and physical contact by building occupants but subject to outdoor ambient temperatures. Examples include installations within unheated shelters.
- F. Provide: To supply, furnish, install and connect, ready for safe and regular operation of the system or equipment.
- G. Install: To erect, mount and connect complete, with related accessories.
- H. Supply, Furnish: To purchase, procure, acquire and deliever complete, with related accessories.
- I. The following are industry abbreviations for plastic materials:
  - 1. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
  - 2. CPVC: Chlorinated polyvinyl chloride plastic.
  - 3. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
  - 4. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- J. The following are industry abbreviations for rubber materials:
  - 1. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
  - 2. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber.

#### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Transition fittings.
  - 2. Dielectric fittings.
  - 3. Mechanical sleeve seals.

- 4. Escutcheons.
- B. Welding certificates.

### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Steel Support Welding: Qualify processes and operators according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
- B. Steel Pipe Welding: Qualify processes and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX, "Welding and Brazing Qualifications."
  - 1. Comply with provisions in ASME B31 Series, "Code for Pressure Piping."
  - 2. Certify that each welder has passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and that certification is current.
- C. Electrical Characteristics for Plumbing Equipment: Equipment of higher electrical characteristics may be furnished provided such proposed equipment is approved in writing and connecting electrical services, circuit breakers, and conduit sizes are appropriately modified. If minimum energy ratings or efficiencies are specified, equipment shall comply with requirements.

#### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver pipes and tubes with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- B. Store plastic pipes protected from direct sunlight. Support to prevent sagging and bending.

#### 1.07 COORDINATION

- A. Arrange for pipe spaces, chases, slots, and openings in building structure during progress of construction, to allow for plumbing installations.
- B. Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and set sleeves in poured-in-place concrete and other structural components as they are constructed.
- C. Coordinate requirements for access panels and doors for plumbing items requiring access that are concealed behind finished surfaces. Access panels and doors are specified in Division 08 Section "Access Doors and Frames."
- D. Coordinate all plumbing piping and equipment with all other trades, including HVAC, electrical, structural and Architectural ceiling elevations.

### PART 1 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where subparagraph titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply for product selection:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the manufacturers specified.

#### 2.02 PIPE, TUBE, AND FITTINGS

- A. Refer to individual Division 22 piping Sections for pipe, tube, and fitting materials and joining methods.
- B. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1 for factory-threaded pipe and pipe fittings.

#### 2.03 JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Refer to individual Division 22 piping Sections for special joining materials not listed below.
- B. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials: Suitable for chemical and thermal conditions of piping system contents.
  - 1. ASME B16.21, nonmetallic, flat, asbestos-free, 1/8-inch (3.2-mm) maximum thickness unless thickness or specific material is indicated.
    - a. Full-Face Type: For flat-face, Class 125, cast-iron and cast-bronze flanges.
    - b. Narrow-Face Type: For raised-face, Class 250, cast-iron and steel flanges.

- 2. AWWA C110, rubber, flat face, 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick, unless otherwise indicated; and full-face or ring type, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Plastic, Pipe-Flange Gasket, Bolts, and Nuts: Type and material recommended by piping system manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys. Include water-flushable flux according to ASTM B 813.
- F. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for general-duty brazing, unless otherwise indicated; and AWS A5.8, BAg1, silver alloy for refrigerant piping, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Welding Filler Metals: Comply with AWS D10.12 for welding materials appropriate for wall thickness and chemical analysis of steel pipe being welded.
- H. Solvent Cements for Joining Plastic Piping:
  - 1. PVC Piping: ASTM D 2564. Include primer according to ASTM F 656.

### 2.04 TRANSITION FITTINGS

- A. AWWA Transition Couplings: Same size as, and with pressure rating at least equal to and with ends compatible with, piping to be joined.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
    - b. Dresser Industries, Inc.; DMD Div.
    - c. Ford Meter Box Company, Incorporated (The); Pipe Products Div.
    - d. JCM Industries.
    - e. Smith-Blair, Inc.
    - f. Viking Johnson.
  - 2. Underground Piping NPS 1-1/2 (DN 40) and Smaller: Manufactured fitting or coupling.
  - 3. Underground Piping NPS 2 (DN 50) and Larger: AWWA C219, metal sleeve-type coupling.
  - 4. Aboveground Pressure Piping: Pipe fitting.
- B. Plastic-to-Metal Transition Fittings: PVC one-piece fitting with manufacturer's Schedule 80 equivalent dimensions; one end with threaded brass insert, and one solvent-cement-joint end.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Eslon Thermoplastics.
- C. Plastic-to-Metal Transition Adaptors: One-piece fitting with manufacturer's SDR 11 equivalent dimensions; one end with threaded brass insert, and one solvent-cement-joint end.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Thompson Plastics, Inc.
- D. Flexible Transition Couplings for Underground Nonpressure Drainage Piping: ASTM C 1173 with elastomeric sleeve, ends same size as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant metal band on each end.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
    - b. Fernco, Inc.
    - c. Mission Rubber Company.
    - d. Plastic Oddities, Inc.

#### 2.05 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

- A. Description: Combination fitting of copper alloy and ferrous materials with threaded, solderjoint, plain, or weld-neck end connections that match piping system materials.
- B. Insulating Material: Suitable for system fluid, pressure, and temperature.
- C. Dielectric Unions: Factory-fabricated, union assembly, for 250-psig (1725-kPa) minimum working pressure at 180 deg F (82 deg C).

- 1. Manufacturers:
  - a. Capitol Manufacturing Co.
  - b. Central Plastics Company.
  - c. Eclipse, Inc.
  - d. Epco Sales, Inc.
  - e. Hart Industries, International, Inc.
  - f. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
  - g. Zurn Industries, Inc.; Wilkins Div.
- D. Dielectric Flanges: Factory-fabricated, companion-flange assembly, for 150-psig (1035-kPa) minimum working pressure as required to suit system pressures.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Capitol Manufacturing Co.
    - b. Central Plastics Company.
    - c. Epco Sales, Inc.
    - d. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
- E. Dielectric Nipples: Electroplated steel nipple with inert and noncorrosive, thermoplastic lining; plain, threaded, or grooved ends; and 300-psig (2070-kPa) minimum working pressure at 225 deg F (107 deg C).
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Perfection Corp.
    - b. Precision Plumbing Products, Inc.
    - c. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Co., Inc.
    - d. Victaulic Co. of America.

### 2.06 MECHANICAL SLEEVE SEALS

- A. Description: Modular sealing element unit, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between pipe and sleeve.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
    - b. Calpico, Inc.
    - c. Metraflex Co.
    - d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
  - 2. Sealing Elements: EPDM interlocking links shaped to fit surface of pipe. Include type and number required for pipe material and size of pipe.
  - 3. Pressure Plates: Carbon steel. Include two for each sealing element.
  - 4. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Carbon steel with corrosion-resistant coating of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements. Include one for each sealing element.

### 2.07 SLEEVES

- A. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: 0.0239-inch (0.6-mm) minimum thickness; round tube closed with welded longitudinal joint.
- B. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, galvanized, plain ends.
- C. Cast Iron: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe" equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop, unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Stack Sleeve Fittings: Manufactured, cast-iron sleeve with integral clamping flange. Include clamping ring and bolts and nuts for membrane flashing.
  1. Underdeck Clamp: Clamping ring with set screws.
- E. Molded PVC: Permanent, with nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.
- F. PVC Pipe: ASTM D 1785, Schedule 40.
- G. Molded PE: Reusable, PE, tapered-cup shaped, and smooth-outer surface with nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.

### 2.08 ESCUTCHEONS

- A. Description: Manufactured wall and ceiling escutcheons and floor plates, with an ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of insulated piping and an OD that completely covers opening.
- B. One-Piece, Deep-Pattern Type: Deep-drawn, box-shaped brass with polished chrome-plated finish.
- C. One-Piece, Cast-Brass Type: With set screw.1. Finish: Polished chrome-plated and rough brass.
- D. Split-Casting, Cast-Brass Type: With concealed hinge and set screw.1. Finish: Polished chrome-plated.
- E. One-Piece, Stamped-Steel Type: With set screw or spring clips and chrome-plated finish.
- F. Split-Plate, Stamped-Steel Type: With concealed hinge, set screw or spring clips, and chromeplated finish.
- G. One-Piece, Floor-Plate Type: Cast-iron floor plate.
- H. Split-Casting, Floor-Plate Type: Cast brass with concealed hinge and set screw.

#### 2.09 GROUT

- A. Description: ASTM C 1107, Grade B, nonshrink and nonmetallic, dry hydraulic-cement grout.
  - 1. Characteristics: Post-hardening, volume-adjusting, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous, and recommended for interior and exterior applications.
  - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi (34.5-MPa), 28-day compressive strength.
  - 3. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

### PART 1 EXECUTION

### 3.01 PIPING SYSTEMS - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install piping according to the following requirements and Division 22 Sections specifying piping systems.
- B. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Coordination Drawings.
- C. Install piping in concealed locations, unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- D. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- E. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- F. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- G. Install piping at indicated slopes.
- H. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- I. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- J. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- K. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- Install escutcheons for penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors according to the following:
   New Piping:
  - a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep-pattern type.
  - b. Chrome-Plated Piping: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished chrome-plated finish.
  - c. Insulated Piping: One-piece, stamped-steel type with spring clips.

- d. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, castbrass type with polished chrome-plated finish.
- e. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
- f. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: Split-plate, stamped-steel type with concealed hinge and set screw.
- g. Bare Piping in Unfinished Service Spaces: One-piece, stamped-steel type with set screw or spring clips.
- h. Bare Piping in Equipment Rooms: One-piece, stamped-steel type with set screw or spring clips.
- i. Bare Piping at Floor Penetrations in Equipment Rooms: One-piece, floor-plate type.
- M. Sleeves are not required for core-drilled holes.
- N. Permanent sleeves are not required for holes formed by removable PE sleeves.
- O. Install sleeves for pipes passing through concrete and masonry walls and concrete floor and roof slabs.
- P. Install sleeves for pipes passing through concrete and masonry walls, gypsum-board partitions, and concrete floor and roof slabs.
  - 1. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces.
    - a. Exception: Extend sleeves installed in floors of mechanical equipment areas or other wet areas 2 inches (50 mm) above finished floor level. Extend cast-iron sleeve fittings below floor slab as required to secure clamping ring if ring is specified.
  - 2. Install sleeves in new walls and slabs as new walls and slabs are constructed.
  - 3. Install sleeves that are large enough to provide 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) annular clear space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation. Use the following sleeve materials:
    - a. Steel Pipe Sleeves: For pipes smaller than NPS 6 (DN 150).
    - b. Steel Sheet Sleeves: For pipes NPS 6 (DN 150) and larger, penetrating gypsumboard partitions.
  - 4. Except for underground wall penetrations, seal annular space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation, using joint sealants appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Refer to Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for materials and installation.
- Q. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Pipe Penetrations: Seal penetrations using sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch (25-mm) annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
  - 1. Install steel pipe for sleeves smaller than 6 inches (150 mm) in diameter.
  - 2. Install cast-iron "wall pipes" for sleeves 6 inches (150 mm) and larger in diameter.
  - 3. Mechanical Sleeve Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.
- R. Underground, Exterior-Wall Pipe Penetrations: Install cast-iron "wall pipes" for sleeves. Seal pipe penetrations using mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch (25-mm) annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
  - 1. Mechanical Sleeve Seal Installation: Select type and number of sealing elements required for pipe material and size. Position pipe in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between pipe and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.
  - 2. Equal to Link-Seal by Garlock.
- S. Fire-Barrier Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at pipe penetrations. Seal pipe penetrations with firestop materials. Refer to Division 07 Section "Penetration Firestopping" for materials.
- T. Verify final equipment locations for roughing-in.
- U. Refer to equipment specifications in other Sections of these Specifications for roughing-in requirements.

### 3.02 PIPING JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join pipe and fittings according to the following requirements and Division 22 Sections specifying piping systems.
- B. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- C. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- D. Soldered Joints: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux, unless otherwise indicated, to tube end. Construct joints according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," using lead-free solder alloy complying with ASTM B 32.
- E. Brazed Joints: Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter, using copper-phosphorus brazing filler metal complying with AWS A5.8.
- F. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
  - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dry seal threading is specified.
  - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- G. Welded Joints: Construct joints according to AWS D10.12, using qualified processes and welding operators according to Part 1 "Quality Assurance" Article.
- H. Flanged Joints: Select appropriate gasket material, size, type, and thickness for service application. Install gasket concentrically positioned. Use suitable lubricants on bolt threads.
- I. Plastic Piping Solvent-Cement Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings according to the following:
  - 1. Comply with ASTM F 402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
  - 2. PVC Nonpressure Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2855.
- J. Plastic Pressure Piping Gasketed Joints: Join according to ASTM D 3139.
- K. Plastic Nonpressure Piping Gasketed Joints: Join according to ASTM D 3212.

### 3.03 PIPING CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Install unions, in piping NPS 2 (DN 50) and smaller, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
  - 2. Install flanges, in piping NPS 2-1/2 (DN 65) and larger, adjacent to flanged valves and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
  - 3. Dry Piping Systems: Install dielectric unions and flanges to connect piping materials of dissimilar metals.
  - 4. Wet Piping Systems: Install dielectric coupling and nipple fittings to connect piping materials of dissimilar metals.

### 3.04 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION - COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install equipment to allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights are not indicated.
- B. Install equipment level and plumb, parallel and perpendicular to other building systems and components in exposed interior spaces, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install plumbing equipment to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components. Connect equipment for ease of disconnecting, with minimum interference to other installations. Extend grease fittings to accessible locations.
- D. Install equipment to allow right of way for piping installed at required slope.

#### 3.05 PAINTING

- A. Painting of plumbing systems, equipment, and components is specified in Division 09 Sections "Interior Painting" and "Exterior Painting."
- B. Damage and Touchup: Repair marred and damaged factory-painted finishes with materials and procedures to match original factory finish.

#### 3.06 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Concrete Bases: Anchor equipment to concrete base according to equipment manufacturer's written instructions and according to seismic codes at Project.
  - 1. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated, but not less than 4 inches (100 mm) larger in both directions than supported unit.
  - 2. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch (450-mm) centers around the full perimeter of the base.
  - 3. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  - 4. Use 3000-psi (20.7-MPa, 28-day compressive-strength concrete and reinforcement as specified in Division 03 Section "Miscellaneous Cast-in-Place Concrete."

#### 3.07 ERECTION OF METAL SUPPORTS AND ANCHORAGES

- A. Refer to Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for structural steel.
- B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor plumbing materials and equipment.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1.

#### 3.08 ERECTION OF WOOD SUPPORTS AND ANCHORAGES

- A. Cut, fit, and place wood grounds, nailers, blocking, and anchorages to support, and anchor plumbing materials and equipment.
- B. Select fastener sizes that will not penetrate members if opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Tighten connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting wood members.
- C. Attach to substrates as required to support applied loads.

#### 3.09 GROUTING

- A. Mix and install grout for plumbing equipment base bearing surfaces, pump and other equipment base plates, and anchors.
- B. Clean surfaces that will come into contact with grout.
- C. Provide forms as required for placement of grout.
- D. Avoid air entrapment during placement of grout.
- E. Place grout, completely filling equipment bases.
- F. Place grout on concrete bases and provide smooth bearing surface for equipment.
- G. Place grout around anchors.
- H. Cure placed grout.

### SECTION 220517

### SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### **1.02 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Pipe sleeves.
- B. Stack-Sleeve fittings.
- C. Sleeve-Seal Fittings
- D. Grout

#### 1.03 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 078400 Firestopping.
- B. Section 099123 Interior Painting: Preparation and painting of interior piping systems.
- C. Section 220523 General-Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping.
- D. Section 220553 Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment: Piping identification.
- E. Section 220719 Plumbing Piping Insulation.

#### 1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C592 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Blanket Insulation and Blanket-Type Pipe Insulation (Metal-Mesh Covered) (Industrial Type); 2022a.
- B. ASTM E814 Standard Test Method for Fire Tests of Penetration Firestop Systems; 2023a.

#### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate pipe materials used, jointing methods, supports, floor and wall penetration seals. Indicate installation, layout, weights, mounting and support details, and piping connections.
- C. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
   1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements, for additional provisions.

#### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing work of the type specified this section.
  - 1. Minimum three years experience.
  - 2. Approved by manufacturer.
- C. Clean equipment, pipes, valves, and fittings of grease, metal cuttings, and sludge that may have accumulated from the installation and testing of the system.

#### 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver and store sleeve and sleeve seals in shipping containers, with labeling in place.
- B. Provide temporary protective coating on cast iron and steel sleeves if shipped loose.

#### 1.08 WARRANTY

A. See Section 017800 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 PIPE SLEEVES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Flexicraft Industries; Pipe Wall Sleeve: www.flexicraft.com/#sle.
  - 2. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co..
  - 3. Zurn Specification Drainage Operation; Zurn Plumbing Products Group...
  - 4. Presealed Systems.
  - 5. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Cast-Iron Wall Pipes: Cast or fabricated of cast or ductile iron and equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral water stop unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Galvanized-Steel Wall Pipes: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Schedule 40, with plain ends and welded steel collar; zinc coated.Pipe
- D. Galvanized-Steel-Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, with plain ends.
- E. Passing Through Below Grade Exterior Walls:
  - 1. Zinc coated or cast iron pipe.
  - 2. Provide watertight space with link rubber or modular seal between sleeve and pipe on both pipe ends.
  - 3. Provide product equal to Link-Seal by Garlock.
- F. Clearances:
  - 1. Provide allowance for insulated piping.
  - 2. Wall, Floor, Partitions, and Beam Flanges: 1 inch (25 mm) greater than external pipe diameter.
  - 3. All Rated Openings: Caulked tight with fire stopping material complying with ASTM E814 in accordance with Section 078400 to prevent the spread of fire, smoke, and gases.

#### 2.02 STACK-SLEEVE FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturered, cast-iron sleeve with integral clamping flange. Include clamping ring, bolts, and nuts for membrance flashing.
  - 1. Underdeck Clamp: Clamping rings with setscrews.

#### 2.03 SLEEVE-SEAL SYSTEMS

A. Manufacturered plastic, sleeve-type, water stop assemblies made for imbedding in concrete slab or wall. Unit has plastic or rubber water stop collar with center opening to match piping OD.

### 2.04 GROUT

- A. Standard: ASTM C 1107/C1107M Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.
- B. Characterictics: Non shrink; recommended for interior and exterior applications.
- C. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28 day compressive strength.
- D. Packaging: Premix and factory packaged.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and foreign material, from inside and outside, before assembly.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Route piping in orderly manner, plumb and parallel to building structure. Maintain gradient.
- B. Install piping to conserve building space, to not interfere with use of space and other work.
- C. Install piping and pipe sleeves to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment.
- D. Provide sleeves when penetrating footings, floors, walls, and partitions. Seal pipe including sleeve penetrations to achieve fire resistance equivalent to fire separation required.

- E. Manufactured Sleeve-Seal Systems:
  - 1. Install manufactured sleeve-seal systems in sleeves located in grade slabs and exterior concrete walls at piping entrances into building.
  - 2. Provide sealing elements of the size, quantity, and type required for the piping and sleeve inner diameter or penetration diameter.
  - 3. Provide core through foundation wall sized as required by manufacturer of sleeve-seal system.
  - 4. Locate piping in center of sleeve or penetration.
  - 5. Install field assembled sleeve-seal system components in annular space between sleeve and piping.
  - 6. Tighten bolting for a water-tight seal.
  - 7. Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- F. When installing more than one piping system material, ensure system components are compatible and joined to ensure the integrity of the system. Provide necessary joining fittings. Ensure flanges, union, and couplings for servicing are consistently provided.

#### 3.03 CLEANING

- A. Upon completion of work, clean all parts of the installation.
- B. Clean equipment, pipes, valves, and fittings of grease, metal cuttings, and sludge that may have accumulated from the installation and testing of the system.
- C. See Section 017419 Construction Waste Management and Disposal for additional requirements.

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# SECTION 220523

# GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 1 GENERAL

# 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### **1.02 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Ball valves.
- B. Butterfly valves.
- C. Check valves.
- D. Lubricated plug valves.

### **1.03 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 220553 Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment.
- B. Section 220719 Plumbing Piping Insulation.
- C. Section 221005 Plumbing Piping.

### 1.04 ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

- A. CWP: Cold working pressure.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene propylene copolymer rubber.
- C. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene, Buna-N, or nitrile rubber.
- D. NRS: Non-rising stem.
- E. OS&Y: Outside screw and yoke.
- F. PTFE: Polytetrafluoroethylene.
- G. RS: Rising stem.

### 1.05 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B1.20.1 Pipe Threads, General Purpose, Inch; 2013 (Reaffirmed 2018).
- B. ASME B16.10 Face-to-Face and End-to-End Dimensions of Valves; 2022.
- C. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- D. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping; 2020.
- E. ASTM A48/A48M Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings; 2022.
- F. ASTM A126 Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings for Valves, Flanges, and Pipe Fittings; 2004 (Reapproved 2023).
- G. ASTM A536 Standard Specification for Ductile Iron Castings; 1984, with Editorial Revision (2019).
- H. ASTM B61 Standard Specification for Steam or Valve Bronze Castings; 2015 (Reapproved 2021).
- I. ASTM B62 Standard Specification for Composition Bronze or Ounce Metal Castings; 2017.
- J. AWWA C606 Grooved and Shouldered Joints; 2022.
- K. MSS SP-67 Butterfly Valves; 2022.
- L. MSS SP-71 Gray Iron Swing Check Valves, Flanged and Threaded Ends; 2018.
- M. MSS SP-72 Ball Valves with Flanged or Butt-Welding Ends for General Service; 2010a.
- N. MSS SP-78 Gray Iron Plug Valves, Flanged and Threaded Ends; 2011.
- O. MSS SP-80 Bronze Gate, Globe, Angle, and Check Valves; 2019.

- P. MSS SP-110 Ball Valves Threaded, Socket-Welding, Solder Joint, Grooved and Flared Ends; 2010, with Errata .
- Q. NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; 2022, with Errata.
- R. NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content; 2022.

### 1.06 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on valves including manufacturers catalog information. Submit performance ratings, rough-in details, weights, support requirements, and piping connections.
- C. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure that forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

#### 1.07 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer:
  - 1. Obtain valves for each valve type from single manufacturer.

#### 1.08 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Prepare valves for shipping as follows:
  - 1. Minimize exposure of operable surfaces by setting plug and ball valves to open position.
  - 2. Protect valve parts exposed to piped medium against rust and corrosion.
  - 3. Protect valve piping connections such as grooves, weld ends, threads, and flange faces.
  - 4. Adjust globe, gate, and angle valves to the closed position to avoid clattering.
  - 5. Secure check valves in either the closed position or open position.
  - 6. Adjust butterfly valves to closed or partially closed position.
- B. Use the following precautions during storage:
  - 1. Maintain valve end protection and protect flanges and specialties from dirt.
    - a. Provide temporary inlet and outlet caps.
    - b. Maintain caps in place until installation.
  - 2. Store valves in shipping containers and maintain in place until installation.
    - a. Store valves indoors in dry environment.
    - b. Store valves off the ground in watertight enclosures when indoor storage is not an option.

#### 1.09 EXERCISE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING:

- A. Handle large valves with sling, modified to avoid damage to exposed parts.
- B. Avoid the use of operating handles or stems as rigging or lifting points.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Conbraco Industries Inc.; Apollo Valves.
  - 2. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
  - 3. Hammond Valve
  - 4. Milwaukee Valve Company
  - 5. NIBCO INC.
  - 6. Red-White Valve Corporation
  - 7. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies. Inc.

### 2.02 APPLICATIONS

- A. Listed pipe sizes shown using nominal pipe sizes (NPS) and nominal diameter (DN).
- B. Provide the following valves for the applications if not indicated on drawings:
  - 1. Shutoff: Ball, butterfly, \_\_\_\_
  - 2. Dead-End: Single-flange butterfly (lug) type.

- 3. Throttling: Provide angle, ball, or butterfly.
- 4. Swing Check (Pump Outlet):
  - a. 2 inch (50 mm, DN) and Smaller: Bronze swing check valves with bronze or nonmetallic disc.
  - b. 2-1/2 inch (65 mm, DN) and Larger for Domestic Water: Iron swing check valves with closure control, metal or resilient seat check valves.
- C. Substitutions of valves with higher CWP classes or WSP ratings for same valve types are permitted when specified CWP ratings or WSP classes are not available.
- D. Required Valve End Connections for Non-Wafer Types:
  - 1. Steel Pipe:
    - a. 2 inch (50 mm, DN) and Smaller: Threaded ends.
    - b. 2-1/2 inch (65 mm, DN) to 4 inch (100 mm, DN): Grooved or flanged ends except where threaded valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
  - 2. Copper Tube:
    - a. 2 inch (50 mm, DN) and Smaller: Threaded ends except where solder-joint valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
    - b. 2-1/2 inch (65 mm, DN) to 4 inch (100 mm, DN): Grooved or flanged ends except where threaded valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
- E. Low Pressure, Compressed Air Valves 150 psi (1035 kPa) or Less:
  - 1. 2 inch (50 mm, DN) and Smaller:
    - a. Bronze: Provide with solder-joint ends.
  - 2. 2-1/2 inch (65 mm, DN) and Larger:
    - a. Iron, 2-1/2 NPS (65 DN) to 4 NPS (100 DN): Provide with flanged or Welded ends.
- F. Domestic, Hot and Cold Water Valves:
  - 1. 2 inch (50 mm, DN) and Smaller:
    - a. Ball: Two piece, full port, brass with brass trim.
    - b. Bronze Swing Check: Class 125, bronze disc.
  - 2. 2-1/2 inch (65 mm, DN) and Larger:
    - a. Iron Grooved-End Butterfly: 175 CWP.
    - b. Iron Swing Check: Class 125, metal seats.

# 2.03 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Valve Pressure and Temperature Ratings: No less than rating indicated; as required for system pressures and temperatures.
- B. Valve Sizes: Match upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Valve Actuator Types:
- D. Insulated Piping Valves: With 2 inch (50 mm, DN) stem extensions and the following features:
  - 1. Gate Valves: Rising stem.
  - 2. Ball Valves: Extended operating handle of non-thermal-conductive material, and protective sleeve that allows operation of valve without breaking the vapor seal or disturbing insulation.
- E. Valve-End Connections:
  - 1. Threaded End Valves: ASME B1.20.1.
  - 2. Solder Joint Connections: ASME B16.18.
  - 3. Grooved End Connections: AWWA C606.
- F. General ASME Compliance:
  - 1. Solder-joint Connections: ASME B16.18.
  - 2. Building Services Piping Valves: ASME B31.9.
- G. Potable Water Use:
  - 1. Certified: Approved for use in compliance with NSF 61 and NSF 372.
  - 2. Lead-Free Certified: Wetted surface material includes less than 0.25 percent lead content.

H. Source Limitations: Obtain each valve type from a single manufacturer.

### 2.04 BRONZE, BALL VALVES

- A. General:
  - 1. Fabricate from dezincification resistant material.
  - 2. Copper alloys containing more than 15 percent zinc are not permitted.
- B. Two Piece, Full Port with Stainless Steel Trim:
  - 1. Comply with MSS SP-110.
  - 2. WSP Rating: 150 psi (1035 kPa).
  - 3. WOG Rating: 600 psi (4140 kPa).
  - 4. Body: Forged bronze or dezincified-brass alloy.
  - 5. Ends Connections: Pipe thread or solder.
  - 6. Seats: PTFE.
  - 7. Stem: Stainless steel, blowout proof.
  - 8. Ball: Stainless steel, vented.
  - 9. Manufacturers:
    - a. Apollo Valves; \_\_\_\_\_: www.apollovalves.com/#sle.
    - b. Watts
    - c. Nibco Equal to 585HP-66-LF

#### 2.05 IRON, SINGLE FLANGE BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. Wafer Style:
  - 1. Class 125, or Class 150 flanges.
  - 2. Comply with MSS SP-67, Type I.
  - 3. Lug Style, Service Pressure Ratings:
    - a. 150 psi (1034 kPa) for sizes 14 to 24 inch (350 to 600 mm, DN).
    - b. 150 psi (1034 kPa) for sizes 14 to 24 inch (350 to 600 mm, DN).
    - c. 250 psi (1725 kPa) for sizes 2 to 12 inch (50 to 300 mm, DN).
    - d. Vacuum down to 29.9 in-Hg (101.2 kPa).
  - 4. Body Material: ASTM A126, cast iron or ASTM A536, ductile iron.
  - 5. Stem: One or two-piece stainless steel.
  - 6. Seat: EPDM.
  - 7. Disc: Aluminum-bronze.
  - 8. Finish: Epoxy coated.
  - 9. Operator: Gear operator with handwheel over direct-mount actuator base.

# 2.06 IRON, GROOVED-END BUTTERFLY VALVES

- A. CWP Rating: 175 psi (1200 kPa).
  - 1. Comply with MSS SP-67, Type I.
  - 2. Body: Coated ductile iron.
  - 3. Stem: Two-piece stainless steel.
  - 4. Disc: Coated ductile iron.
  - 5. Disc Seal: EPDM.

### 2.07 BRONZE, LIFT CHECK VALVES

- A. General:
  - 1. Fabricate from dezincification resistant material.
  - 2. Copper alloys containing more than 15 percent zinc are not permitted.
- B. Class 125:
  - 1. Comply with MSS SP-80, Type 1, Metal Disc to Metal Seat and Type 2, Nonmetallic Disc to Metal Seat.
  - 2. CWP Rating: 200 psi (1380 kPa).
  - 3. Design: Vertical flow.
  - 4. Body: Comply with ASTM B61 or ASTM B62, bronze.
  - 5. End Connections: Threaded.

### 2.08 BRASS, HORIZONTAL SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. Class 125, Threaded or Soldered End Connections:
  - 1. WOG Rating: 200 psi (1380 kPa).
  - 2. Body: Forged brass.
  - 3. Disc: Forged brass.
  - 4. Hinge-Pin, Screw, and Cap: Forged brass.

### 2.09 BRONZE, SWING CHECK VALVES

- A. General:
  - 1. Fabricate from dezincification resistant material.
  - 2. Copper alloys containing more than 15 percent zinc are not permitted.
- B. Class 125:
  - 1. Pressure and Temperature Rating: MSS SP-80, Type 3.
  - 2. Design: Y-pattern, horizontal or vertical flow.
  - 3. WOG Rating: 200 psi (1380 kPa).
  - 4. Body: Bronze, ASTM B62.
  - 5. End Connections: Threaded.
  - 6. Disc: Bronze.

### 2.10 IRON, SWING CHECK VALVES WITH CLOSURE CONTROL

- A. Class 125 with Lever and Spring-Closure Control.
  - 1. Comply with MSS SP-71, Type I.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. CWP Rating: 200 psi (1380 kPa).
    - b. Design: Clear or full waterway.
    - c. Body: ASTM A126, gray iron with bolted bonnet.
    - d. Ends: Flanged as indicated.
    - e. Trim: Bronze.
    - f. Gasket: Asbestos free.
    - g. Closer Control: Factory installed, exterior lever, and weight.

### 2.11 LUBRICATED PLUG VALVES

- A. Regular Gland with Flanged Ends:
  - 1. Comply with MSS SP-78, Type II.
  - 2. Body: ASTM A48/A48M or ASTM A126, cast iron with lubrication sealing system.
  - 3. Pattern: Regular or short.
  - 4. Plug: Cast iron or bronze with sealant groove.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Discard all packing materials and verify that valve interior, including threads and flanges are completely clean without signs of damage or degradation that could result in leakage.
- B. Verify valve parts to be fully operational in all positions from closed to fully open.
- C. Confirm gasket material to be suitable for the service, to be of correct size, and without defects that could compromise effectiveness.
- D. Should valve is determined to be defective, replace with new valve.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Provide unions or flanges with valves to facilitate equipment removal and maintenance while maintaining system operation and full accessibility for servicing.
- B. Provide separate valve support as required and locate valve with stem at or above center of piping, maintaining unimpeded stem movement.
- C. Where valve support members are welded to structural building framing, scrape, brush clean, and apply one coat of zinc rich primer to welds.

- D. Install check valves where necessary to maintain direction of flow as follows:
  - 1. Lift Check: Install with stem plumb and vertical.
  - 2. Swing Check: Install horizontal maintaining hinge pin level.
  - 3. Orient plate-type into horizontal or vertical position, between flanges.

#### **SECTION 220529**

#### HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.02 SECTION INCLUDES

#### **1.03 RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 033000 Cast-in-Place Concrete: Concrete equipment pads.
- B. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications.

#### 1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM A123/A123M Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products; 2017.
- B. ASTM A153/A153M Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware; 2023.
- C. ASTM B633 Standard Specification for Electrodeposited Coatings of Zinc on Iron and Steel; 2023.
- D. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023c.
- E. MSS SP-58 Pipe Hangers and Supports Materials, Design, Manufacture, Selection, Application, and Installation; 2018, with Amendment (2019).

#### 1.05 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
  - 1. Coordinate sizes and arrangement of supports and bases with the actual equipment and components to be installed.
  - 2. Coordinate the work with other trades to provide additional framing and materials required for installation.
  - 3. Coordinate compatibility of support and attachment components with mounting surfaces at the installed locations.
  - 4. Coordinate the arrangement of supports with ductwork, piping, equipment and other potential conflicts installed under other sections or by others.
  - 5. Notify Architect of any conflicts with or deviations from Contract Documents. Obtain direction before proceeding with work.
- B. Sequencing:
  - 1. Do not install products on or provide attachment to concrete surfaces until concrete has fully cured in accordance with Section 033000.

#### 1.06 DEFINITIONS

A. MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fitting Industry Inc.

#### **1.07 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Delegated Design: Design trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for plumbing piping and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ACSE/SEI7.
  - 1. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, systems contents, and test water.

2. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

### 1.08 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets for metal channel (strut) framing systems, nonpenetrating rooftop supports, post-installed concrete and masonry anchors, and thermal insulated pipe supports.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, and installation of product.

#### **1.09 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Comply with applicable building code.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide required hardware to hang or support piping, equipment, or fixtures with related accessories as necessary to complete installation of plumbing work.
- B. Provide hardware products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for intended purpose.
- C. Materials for Metal Fabricated Supports: Comply with Section 055000.
  - 1. Zinc-Plated Steel: Electroplated in accordance with ASTM B633 unless stated otherwise.
  - 2. Galvanized Steel: Hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A123/A123M or ASTM A153/A153M unless stated otherwise.
- D. Corrosion Resistance: Use corrosion-resistant metal-based materials fully compatible with exposed piping materials and suitable for the environment where installed.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that mounting surfaces are ready to receive support and attachment components.
- C. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

#### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide independent support from building structure. Do not provide support from piping, ductwork, conduit, or other systems.
- C. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Architect, do not provide support from suspended ceiling support system or ceiling grid.
- D. Unless specifically indicated or approved by Architect, do not provide support from roof deck.
- E. Do not penetrate or otherwise notch or cut structural members without approval of Structural Engineer.
- F. Equipment Support and Attachment:
  - 1. Use metal fabricated supports or supports assembled from metal channel (strut) to support equipment as required.
  - 2. Use metal channel (strut) secured to studs to support equipment surface-mounted on hollow stud walls when wall strength is not sufficient to resist pull-out.
  - 3. Use metal channel (strut) to support surface-mounted equipment in wet or damp locations to provide space between equipment and mounting surface.
  - 4. Securely fasten floor-mounted equipment. Do not install equipment such that it relies on its own weight for support.
- G. Secure fasteners according to manufacturer's recommended torque settings.

H. Remove temporary supports.

### 3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 014000 Quality Requirements for additional requirements.
- B. Inspect support and attachment components for damage and defects.
- C. Repair cuts and abrasions in galvanized finishes using zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer. Replace components that exhibit signs of corrosion.
- D. Correct deficiencies and replace damaged or defective support and attachment components.

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### **SECTION 220553**

### IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

#### PART 1 GENERAL

### 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### **1.02 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Nameplates.
- B. Tags.
- C. Stencils.
- D. Pipe markers.

#### 1.03 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

A. Section 099123 - Interior Painting: Identification painting.

#### 1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME A13.1 Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems; 2023.
- B. ASTM D709 Standard Specification for Laminated Thermosetting Materials; 2017.

#### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Schedules:
  - 1. Submit plumbing component identification schedule listing equipment, piping, and valves.
  - 2. Detail proposed component identification data in terms of of wording, symbols, letter size, and color coding to be applied to corresponding product.
  - 3. Valve Data Format: Include id-number, location, function, and model number.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 PLUMBING COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION GUIDELINE

A. Pipe Markers: 3/4 inch (20 mm) diameter and higher.

### 2.02 NAMEPLATES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Brimar Industries, Inc: www.pipemarker.com/#sle.
  - 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co: www.kolbipipemarkers.com/#sle.
  - 3. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com/#sle.
- B. Description: Laminated piece with up to three lines of text.
  - 1. Letter Color: White.
  - 2. Letter Height: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
  - 3. Background Color: Black.

#### 2.03 TAGS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Brimar Industries, Inc: www.pipemarker.com/#sle.
  - 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co: www.kolbipipemarkers.com/#sle.
  - 3. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com/#sle.
  - 4. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Flexible: Vinyl with engraved black letters on light contrasting background color with up to three lines of text. Minimum tag size 1-1/2 inch (40 mm) in diameter.
- C. Valve Tag Chart: Typewritten 12-point letter size list in anodized aluminum frame.

#### 2.04 STENCILS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Brady Corporation: www.bradycorp.com/#sle.
  - 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co.: www.kolbipipemarkers.com/#sle.
  - 3. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com/#sle.
  - 4. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
- B. Stencil Paint: As specified in Section 099123, semi-gloss enamel, colors complying with ASME A13.1.

### 2.05 PIPE MARKERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Brimar Industries, Inc: www.pipemarker.com/#sle.
  - 2. Kolbi Pipe Marker Co: www.kolbipipemarkers.com/#sle.
  - 3. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com/#sle.
- B. Comply with ASME A13.1.
- C. Flexible Marker: Factory fabricated, semi-rigid, preformed to fit around pipe or pipe covering; minimum information indicating flow direction arrow and identification of fluid conveyed.
- D. Identification Scheme, ASME A13.1:
  - 1. Primary: External Pipe Diameter, Uninsulated or Insulated.
  - 2. Secondary: Color scheme per fluid service.
    - a. Water; Potable, Cooling, Boiler Feed, and Other: White text on green background.

# PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Degrease and clean surfaces to receive identification products.
- B. Prepare surfaces for stencil painting, see Section 099123.

### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install flexible nameplates with corrosive-resistant mechanical fasteners, or adhesive. Apply with sufficient adhesive to ensure permanent adhesion and seal with clear lacquer.
- B. Install tags in clear view and align with axis of piping
- C. Apply stencil painted identification in compliance with Section 099123 requirements. Identify unit with assigned id-number and area being served using pipe marking rules.
- D. Install plastic pipe markers in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- E. Install plastic tape pipe marker around pipe in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- F. Install underground plastic pipe markers 6 to 8 inches (150 to 200 mm) below finished grade, directly above buried pipe.
- G. Install labels and/or tags on all pipes as follows:

#### SECTION 220719 PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Piping insulation.
- B. Flexible removable and reusable blanket insulation.
- C. Jackets and accessories.
- D. Supplies and drains for hand
- E. Section includes insulating the following pipe systems
  - 1. Domestic Cold Water Piping
  - 2. Domestic Hot Water Piping
  - 3. Domestic recirculating hot water piping
  - 4. Roof Drains and Rainwater leaders

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 099123 Interior Painting: Painting insulation jacket.
- B. Section 221005 Plumbing Piping: Placement of hangers and hanger inserts.

#### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C177 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Heat Flux Measurements and Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Guarded-Hot-Plate Apparatus; 2019, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- B. ASTM C195 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Thermal Insulating Cement; 2007 (Reapproved 2019).
- C. ASTM C534/C534M Standard Specification for Preformed Flexible Elastomeric Cellular Thermal Insulation in Sheet and Tubular Form; 2023.
- D. ASTM C547 Standard Specification for Mineral Fiber Pipe Insulation; 2022a.
- E. ASTM C552 Standard Specification for Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation; 2022.
- F. ASTM C585 Standard Practice for Inner and Outer Diameters of Thermal Insulation for Nominal Sizes of Pipe and Tubing; 2022.
- G. ASTM C795 Standard Specification for Thermal Insulation for Use in Contact with Austenitic Stainless Steel; 2008 (Reapproved 2023).
- H. ASTM D2842 Standard Test Method for Water Absorption of Rigid Cellular Plastics; 2019.
- I. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023c.
- J. ASTM E96/E96M Standard Test Methods for Gravimetric Determination of Water Vapor Transmission Rate of Materials; 2022a, with Editorial Revision (2023).
- K. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept materials on site, labeled with manufacturer's identification, product density, and thickness.
- B. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.
- C. Maintain ambient conditions required by manufacturers of each product.
- D. Maintain temperature before, during, and after installation for minimum of 24 hours.

#### **1.05 COORDINATION**

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Section 220529 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application. Before preparing piping Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.
- C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. Surface Burning Characteristics: Flame spread index/Smoke developed index of 25/50, maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723.

#### 2.02 GLASS FIBER

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. CertainTeed Corporation: www.certainteed.com/#sle.
  - 2. Johns Manville Corporation: www.jm.com/#sle.
  - 3. Knauf Insulation; Earthwool 1000 Degree Pipe Insulation: www.knaufinsulation.com/#sle.
  - 4. Owens Corning Corporation; Fiberglas Pipe Insulation ASJ: www.ocbuildingspec.com/#sle.
- B. Insulation: ASTM C547 and ASTM C795; rigid molded, noncombustible, with wicking material to transport condensed water to the outside of the system for evaporation to the atmosphere.
  - 1. K (Ksi) Value: ASTM C177, 0.23 at 75 degrees F (0.034 at 24 degrees C).
  - 2. Maximum Service Temperature: 220 degrees F (104 degrees C).
  - 3. Maximum Moisture Absorption: 0.2 percent by volume.
- C. Vapor Barrier Jacket: White Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn, bonded to aluminized film; moisture vapor transmission when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M of 0.02 perminches (0.029 ng/Pa s m).

### 2.03 CELLULAR GLASS

- A. Insulation: ASTM C552, Type II, Grade 6.
  - 1. K (Ksi) Value: 0.35 (0.050) at 100 degrees F (38 degrees C).
  - 2. Service Temperature Range: From 250 degrees F (121 degrees C) to 800 degrees F (427 degrees C).
  - 3. Water Vapor Permeability: 0.005 perm inch (0.007 ng/Pa s m) maximum per inch.
  - 4. Water Absorption: 0.5 percent by volume, maximum.

### 2.04 JACKETS

- A. PVC Plastic.
  - 1. Jacket: One piece molded type fitting covers and sheet material, off-white color.
    - a. Minimum Service Temperature: 0 degrees F (Minus 18 degrees C).
    - b. Maximum Service Temperature: 150 degrees F (66 degrees C).
    - c. Moisture Vapor Permeability: 0.002 perm inch (0.0029 ng/Pa s m), maximum, when tested in accordance with ASTM E96/E96M.
    - d. Thickness: 10 mil (0.25 mm).
    - e. Connections: Brush on welding adhesive.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that piping has been tested before applying insulation materials.
- B. Verify that surfaces are clean and dry, with foreign material removed.

#### 3.02 INSTALLATION

A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- B. Install in accordance with North American Insulation Manufacturers Association (NAIMA) National Insulation Standards.
- C. Exposed Piping: Locate insulation and cover seams in least visible locations.
  - 1. Provide PVC jacket on all exposed piping up to 7' above finished floor (i.e. all piping at domestic hot water system and exposed vertical storm leaders).
- D. Insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature: Insulate entire system including fittings, valves, unions, flanges, strainers, flexible connections, pump bodies, and expansion joints.
- E. Install cellular melamine with factory-applied jackets with a manufacturer-approved adhesive along seams, both straight lap joints and circumferential lap joints.
  - 1. Install seal over seams with factory-approved room temperature vulcanization (RTV) silicone sealant to ensure a positive vapor barrier seal in outdoor and sanitary washdown environments.
- F. Glass fiber insulated pipes conveying fluids below ambient temperature:
  - 1. Provide vapor barrier jackets, factory-applied or field-applied. Secure with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips with pressure sensitive adhesive. Secure with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor barrier mastic.
  - 2. Insulate fittings, joints, and valves with molded insulation of like material and thickness as adjacent pipe. Finish with glass cloth and vapor barrier adhesive or PVC fitting covers.
- G. For hot piping conveying fluids 140 degrees F (60 degrees C) or less, do not insulate flanges and unions at equipment, but bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- H. Inserts and Shields:
  - 1. Application: Piping 1-1/2 inches (40 mm) diameter or larger.

#### 3.03 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

#### A. Domestic Cold Water:

- 1. NPS 1 and Smaller: Insulation shall be one of the following:
  - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch Insert dimension thick.
  - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.
- 2. NPS 1-1/4 and Larger: Insulation shall be one of the following:
  - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
  - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.

#### B. Domestic Hot and Recirculated Hot Water (105-140 F):

- 1. NPS 1-1/4 and Smaller: Insulation shall be one of the following:
  - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
  - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- 2. NPS 1-1/2 and Larger: Insulation shall be one of the following:
  - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
  - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1-1/2 inch thick.

#### C. Stormwater and Overflow:

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- All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
  - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
  - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- D. Roof Drain and Overflow Drain Bodies:
  - All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be one of the following:
    - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
    - b. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- E. Exposed Sanitary Drains, Domestic Water, Domestic Hot Water, and Stops for Plumbing Fixtures for People with Disabilities:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.

b. Manufactured system with PVC jacket equal to Truebro. Refer also to fixture specification.

# F. Sanitary Waste Piping Where Heat Tracing Is Installed:

- 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
  - a. Cellular Glass: 2 inches thick.

### 3.04 INDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

- A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the fieldapplied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.
- B. If more than one material is listed, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- C. Piping, Concealed:
- D. Piping, Exposed:
  - 1. PVC: 20 mils thick.

#### SECTION 221005 PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Sanitary waste piping, buried beyond 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
- B. Sanitary waste piping, buried within 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
- C. Chemical-resistant sanitary waste piping.
- D. Domestic water piping, buried beyond 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
- E. Domestic water piping, buried within 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
- F. Domestic water piping, above grade.
- G. Storm drainage piping, buried beyond 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
- H. Storm drainage piping, buried within 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
  - 1. Sanitary sewer and sanitary vent
  - 2. Natural gas piping, buried beyond 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
  - 3. Natural gas piping, buried within 5 feet (1500 mm) of building.
  - 4. Natural gas piping, above grade.
  - 5. Natural Gas piping
  - 6. Pipe flanges, unions, and couplings.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 083100 Access Doors and Panels.
- B. Section 099113 Exterior Painting.
- C. Section 220516 Expansion Fittings and Loops for Plumbing Piping.
- D. Section 220553 Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment.
- E. Section 312316 Excavation.
- F. Section 312323 Fill.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME B16.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Fittings: Classes 150 and 300; 2021.
- B. ASME B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- C. ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Pressure Fittings; 2021.
- D. ASME B16.23 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings: DWV; 2021.
- E. ASME B16.29 Wrought Copper and Wrought Copper Alloy Solder-Joint Drainage Fittings—DWV; 2022.
- F. ASME B31.1 Power Piping; 2022.
- G. ASME B31.9 Building Services Piping; 2020.
- H. ASTM A53/A53M Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated, Welded and Seamless; 2022.
- I. ASTM A74 Standard Specification for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2021.
- J. ASTM A234/A234M Standard Specification for Piping Fittings of Wrought Carbon Steel and Alloy Steel for Moderate and High Temperature Service; 2023a.
- K. ASTM B32 Standard Specification for Solder Metal; 2020.
- L. ASTM B42 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Pipe, Standard Sizes; 2020.
- M. ASTM B88 Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube; 2022.
- N. ASTM B88M Standard Specification for Seamless Copper Water Tube (Metric); 2020.
- O. ASTM B306 Standard Specification for Copper Drainage Tube (DWV); 2020.

- P. ASTM B813 Standard Specification for Liquid and Paste Fluxes for Soldering of Copper and Copper Alloy Tube; 2016.
- Q. ASTM B828 Standard Practice for Making Capillary Joints by Soldering of Copper and Copper Alloy Tube and Fittings; 2016.
- R. ASTM C564 Standard Specification for Rubber Gaskets for Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2020a.
- S. ASTM C1277 Standard Specification for Shielded Couplings Joining Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings; 2020.
- T. ASTM D2513 Standard Specification for Polyethylene (PE) Gas Pressure Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings; 2020.
- U. ASTM D2683 Standard Specification for Socket-Type Polyethylene Fittings for Outside Diameter-Controlled Polyethylene Pipe and Tubing; 2020.
- V. ASTM D2846/D2846M Standard Specification for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Hot- and Cold-Water Distribution Systems; 2019a.
- W. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2023c.
- X. ASTM F437 Standard Specification for Threaded Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80; 2021.
- Y. ASTM F438 Standard Specification for Socket-Type Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 40; 2023.
- Z. ASTM F439 Standard Specification for Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe Fittings, Schedule 80; 2019.
- AA. ASTM F441/F441M Standard Specification for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe, Schedules 40 and 80; 2023.
- BB. ASTM F442/F442M Standard Specification for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR); 2023.
- CC. ASTM F493 Standard Specification for Solvent Cements for Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings; 2022.
- DD. AWWA C105/A21.5 Polyethylene Encasement for Ductile-Iron Pipe Systems; 2018.
- EE. AWWA C110/A21.10 Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings; 2021.
- FF. AWWA C111/A21.11 Rubber-Gasket Joints for Ductile-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings; 2023.
- GG. AWWA C151/A21.51 Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast; 2017, with Errata (2018).
- HH. AWWA C651 Disinfecting Water Mains; 2014, with Addendum (2020).
- II. CISPI 301 Standard Specification for Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications; 2021.
- JJ. CISPI 310 Specification for Coupling for Use in Connection with Hubless Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings for Sanitary and Storm Drain, Waste, and Vent Piping Applications; 2020.
- KK. NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; 2022, with Errata.
- LL. NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content; 2022.
- MM. UL 723 Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Current Edition, Including All Revisions.

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide data on pipe materials, pipe fittings, valves, and accessories. Provide manufacturers catalog information. Indicate valve data and ratings.

#### 1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Perform work in accordance with applicable codes.
- B. Identify pipe with marking including size, ASTM material classification, ASTM specification, potable water certification, water pressure rating.

### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect piping systems from entry of foreign materials by temporary covers, completing sections of the work, and isolating parts of completed system.

### 1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Do not install underground piping when bedding is wet or frozen.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Potable Water Supply Systems: Provide piping, pipe fittings, and solder and flux (if used), that comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 for maximum lead content; label pipe and fittings.
- B. Plenum-Installed Acid Waste Piping: Flame-spread index equal or below 25 and smoke-spread index equal or below 50 according to ASTM E84 or UL 723 tests.
- C. All Cast Iron Soil pipe and fittings shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institue (CISPI) and listed by NSF International.
  - 1. Each length of pipe and each fitting shall be plainly marked with size, country of origin, and name of manufactuer or manufacturer's register trademark

#### 2.02 SANITARY WASTE PIPING, BURIED BEYOND 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74 extra heavy weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joint Seals: ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets, or lead and oakum.

#### 2.03 SANITARY WASTE PIPING, BURIED WITHIN 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74 extra heavy weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: Hub-and-spigot, CISPI HSN compression type with ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets or lead and oakum.

### 2.04 SANITARY SEWER AND SANITARY VENT PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hubless, service weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: CISPI 310, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies.
- B. High Performance Coated Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hubless, service weight.
- C. Equal to Charlotte Edge or
  - 1. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301
  - 2. Pipe Coating on ID and OD, which shall meet a minium salt spray testing.
  - 3. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 4. Gaskets: ASTM 564 rubber
  - 5. Joints: CISPI 310, neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies.
- D. Copper Tube: ASTM B306, DWV.
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.29, wrought copper, or ASME B16.23, sovent.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, alloy Sn50 solder.

### 2.05 CHEMICAL-RESISTANT SANITARY WASTE PIPING

- A. CPVC Pipe: ASTM D2846/D2846M, ASTM F441/F441M, ASTM F2618, or ASTM F442/F442M.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. IPEX USA, LLC; Xirtec CPVC Schedule 40: www.ipexna.com/#sle.
    - b. Charlotte Pipe ChemDrain.

- 2. Pipe shall be manufactured from CPVC type IV Grade 1 compounds with minimum cell class of 23447.
- 3. Fittings: CPVC; ASTM D2846/D2846M, ASTM F437, ASTM F438, or ASTM F439.
- Joints: ASTM D2846/D2846M, solvent weld with ASTM F493 solvent cement.
   a. Use one step solvent cement specially formulated for CPVC Chemical Waste
  - Application that has a VOC content of  $\sim 500$  g/L or less.

### 2.06 DOMESTIC WATER PIPING, BURIED BEYOND 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe: AWWA C151/A21.51.
- B. Ductile Iron Pipe: AWWA C151/A21.51.
  - 1. Fittings: AWWA C110/A21.10, ductile or gray iron, standard thickness.
  - 2. Joints: AWWA C111/A21.11, styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) or vulcanized SBR gasket with 3/4-inch (19 mm) diameter rods.
- C. Copper Pipe: ASTM B42, hard drawn.
- D. Copper Pipe: ASTM B42, hard drawn.
- 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast copper alloy or ASME B16.22 wrought copper and bronze.

#### 2.07 DOMESTIC WATER PIPING, BURIED WITHIN 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Ductile Iron Pipe: AWWA C151/A21.51.
  - 1. Fittings: Ductile or gray iron, standard thickness.
  - 2. Joints: AWWA C111/A21.11, styrene butadiene rubber (SBR) or vulcanized SBR gasket with 3/4 inch (19 mm) diameter rods.

### 2.08 DOMESTIC WATER PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Copper Tube: ASTM B88 (ASTM B88M), Type L (B), Drawn (H).
  - 1. Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast copper alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought copper and bronze.
  - 2. Joints: ASTM B32, alloy Sn95 solder.

### 2.09 STORM DRAINAGE PIPING, BURIED BEYOND 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74 extra heavy weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joint Seals: ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets, or lead and oakum.

#### 2.10 STORM DRAINAGE PIPING, BURIED WITHIN 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: ASTM A74 extra heavy weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joint Seals: ASTM C564 neoprene gaskets, or lead and oakum.

#### 2.11 STORM DRAINAGE PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

- A. Cast Iron Pipe: CISPI 301, hubless, service weight.
  - 1. Fittings: Cast iron.
  - 2. Joints: Neoprene gaskets and stainless steel clamp-and-shield assemblies.

### 2.12 NATURAL GAS PIPING, BURIED BEYOND 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Polyethylene Pipe: ASTM D2513, SDR 11.
  - 1. Fittings: ASTM D2683 or ASTM D2513 socket type.
  - 2. Joints: Fusion welded.

### 2.13 NATURAL GAS PIPING, BURIED WITHIN 5 FEET (1500 MM) OF BUILDING

- A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M, Grade B, Type F, Schedule 40 black.
  - 1. Fittings: ASTM A234/A234M, wrought steel welding type.
  - 2. Joints: ASME B31.1, welded.
  - 3. Jacket: AWWA C105/A21.5 polyethylene jacket or double layer, half-lapped 10 mil (0.25 mm) polyethylene tape.

### 2.14 NATURAL GAS PIPING, ABOVE GRADE

A. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53/A53M Schedule 40 black.

- 1. Fittings: ASME B16.3, malleable iron, or ASTM A234/A234M, wrought steel welding type.
- 2. Joints: Threaded or welded to ASME B31.1.
- 3. Paint all exposed exterior natural gas piping. Confirm color with Architect. Grey, Yellow or as otherwise prescribed.

### 2.15 PIPE FLANGES, UNIONS, AND COUPLINGS

- A. Unions for Pipe Sizes 3 inch (80 mm, DN) and Under:
  - 1. Ferrous Pipe: Class 150 malleable iron threaded unions.
  - 2. Copper Tube and Pipe: Class 150 bronze unions with soldered joints.
- B. No-Hub Couplings:
  - 1. Testing: In accordance with ASTM C1277 and CISPI 310.
  - 2. NSF Certification
  - 3. Gasket Material: Neoprene complying with ASTM C564.
  - 4. Band Material: Stainless steel.
  - 5. Eyelet Material: Stainless steel.
  - 6. Manufacturers:
    - a. MIFAB, Inc; MI-QHUB: www.mifab.com/#sle.
    - b. Charlotte Pipe and Foundry
    - c. Ideal Tridon

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

A. Verify that excavations are to required grade, dry, and not over-excavated.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Ream pipe and tube ends. Remove burrs. Bevel plain end ferrous pipe.
- B. Remove scale and dirt, on inside and outside, before assembly.
- C. Prepare piping connections to equipment with flanges or unions.

### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Provide non-conducting dielectric connections wherever jointing dissimilar metals.
- C. Install piping to maintain headroom, conserve space, and not interfere with use of space.
- D. Group piping whenever practical at common elevations.
- E. Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction without stressing pipe, joints, or connected equipment. See Section 220516.
- F. Provide clearance in hangers and from structure and other equipment for installation of insulation and access to valves and fittings.
- G. Provide access where valves and fittings are not exposed.1. Coordinate size and location of access doors with Section 083100.
- H. Establish elevations of buried piping outside the building to ensure not less than 5 ft (\_\_\_\_\_ m) of cover for pipes that require freeze protection.
- I. Install vent piping penetrating roofed areas to maintain integrity of roof assembly; see Section
- J. Prepare exposed, unfinished pipe, fittings, supports, and accessories for finish painting.
   1. See Section 099113 for painting of exterior plumbing systems and components.
- K. Excavate in accordance with Section 312316.
- L. Backfill in accordance with Section 312323.
- M. Install valves with stems upright or horizontal, not inverted. See Section 220523.
- N. Install water piping to ASME B31.9.

- O. Copper Pipe and Tube: Make soldered joints in accordance with ASTM B828, using specified solder, and flux meeting ASTM B813; in potable water systems use flux also complying with NSF 61 and NSF 372.
- P. Sleeve pipes passing through partitions, walls, and floors.
- Q. Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Prime coat exposed steel hangers and supports. Hangers and supports located in crawl spaces, pipe shafts, and suspended ceiling spaces are not considered exposed.
- R. Pipe Sleeve-Seal Systems:
  - 1. Install manufactured sleeve-seal systems in sleeves located in grade slabs and exterior concrete walls at piping entrances into building.
  - 2. Provide sealing elements of the size, quantity, and type required for the piping and sleeve inner diameter or penetration diameter.
  - 3. Locate piping in center of sleeve or penetration.
  - 4. Install field assembled sleeve-seal system components in annular space between sleeve and piping.
  - 5. Tighten bolting for a watertight seal.
  - 6. Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

#### 3.04 APPLICATION

- A. Install unions downstream of valves and at equipment or apparatus connections.
- B. Install ball or butterfly valves for shut-off and to isolate equipment, part of systems, or vertical risers.
- C. Provide lug end butterfly valves adjacent to equipment when provided to isolate equipment.
- D. Provide spring-loaded check valves on discharge of water pumps.

#### 3.05 FIELD TESTS AND INSPECTIONS

- A. Verify and inspect systems according to requirements by the Authority Having Jurisdiction. In the absence of specific test and inspection procedures proceed as indicated below.
- B. Test Sanitary waste and vent piping according to procedures of AHJ or in absense of published procedures, as follows:
  - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit seperate report for each test.
  - 2. Leave piping uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended or replaced waste and vent piping until it has been tested, inspected and approved.
  - 3. Rough-in Plumbing test Procedure:
    - a. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less then 10-foot head of water.
    - b. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop.
    - c. Inspect joints for leaks.
- C. Domestic Water Systems:
  - 1. Perform hydrostatic testing for leakage prior to system disinfection.
  - 2. Test Preparation: Close each fixture valve or disconnect and cap each connected fixture.
  - 3. General:
    - a. Fill the system with water and raise static head to 10 psi (345 kPa) above service pressure. Minimum static head of 50 to 150 psi (345 to 1,034 kPa). As an exception, certain codes allow a maximum static pressure of 80 psi (551.6 kPa).
- D. Gas Distribution Systems:
  - 1. Test Preparation: Close each appliance valve or disconnect and cap each connected appliance.
  - 2. General Systems:

- a. Inject a minimum of 10 psi (68.9 kPa) of compressed air into the piping system for a duration of 15 minutes and verify with a gauge that no perceptible pressure drop is measured.
- b. Ensure test pressure gauge has a range of twice the specific pressure rate selected with an accuracy of 1/10 of 1 pound (0.45 kg).
- 3. Welded Pipes or Systems with Service Pressures Above 14 in-wc (3.48 kPa):
  - a. Inject a minimum of 60 psi (413.7 kPa) of compressed air into the piping system for a duration of 30 minutes and verify with a gauge that no perceptible pressure drop is measured.
  - b. Ensure test pressure gauge has a range of twice the specific pressure rate selected with an accuracy of 1/10 of 1 pound (0.45 kg) with 1 psi (6.9 kPa) increments.
- E. Test Results: Document and certify successful results, otherwise repair, document, and retest.

### 3.06 DISINFECTION OF DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SYSTEM

- A. Prior to starting work, verify system is complete, flushed, and clean.
- B. Ensure acidity (pH) of water to be treated is between 7.4 and 7.6 by adding alkali (caustic soda or soda ash) or acid (hydrochloric).
- C. Inject disinfectant, free chlorine in liquid, powder, tablet, or gas form throughout system to obtain 50 to 80 mg/L residual.
- D. Bleed water from outlets to ensure distribution and test for disinfectant residual at minimum 15 percent of outlets.
- E. Maintain disinfectant in system for 24 hours.
- F. If final disinfectant residual tests less than 25 mg/L, repeat treatment.
- G. Flush disinfectant from system until residual equal to that of incoming water or 1.0 mg/L.
- H. Take samples no sooner than 24 hours after flushing, from 10 percent of outlets and from water entry, and analyze in accordance with AWWA C651.

### 3.07 DISINFECTION OF DOMESTIC WATER PIPING - NYS DOH

- A. Clean and disinfect potable domestic water piping as follows:
  - 1. Purge new piping and parts of the existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired, before putting back into use.
  - 2. Use purging and disinfecting procedures prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction; if methods are not prescribed, use procedures described in either AWWA C651 or AWWA C652 or follow procedures described below:
    - a. Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets.
    - b. Fill and isolate system according to either of the following:
      - 1) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 50 ppm of chlorine. Isolate with valves and allow to stand for 24 hours. OR
      - 2) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 200 ppm of chlorine. Isolate and allow to stand for three hours.
    - c. Flush system with clean, potable water until no chlorine (above normal potable water limites) is in water coming from system after the standing time.
    - d. Repeat procedures if biologival examination shows contaimination.
    - e. Submit water sampes in sterile bottles to NYS Department of Health approved lab with results sent to the DOH and to the architect/engineer of record as project submittal.
- B. Prepare and submit reports of purging and disinfecting activities. Include copies of water sample approval from NYS Department of Health approved lab.
- C. Where new fixture have been added to nYS K-12 school buildings, test samples shall be taken at all new fixtures in accordance with SED testing protocol for Lead. Submit test results to Arch/Engineer./District.

#### 3.08 SERVICE CONNECTIONS

- A. Provide new sanitary sewer services. Before commencing work, check invert elevations required for sewer connections, confirm inverts and ensure that these can be properly connected with slope for drainage and cover to avoid freezing.
- B. Provide new water service complete with approved reduced pressure backflow preventer and water meter with by-pass valves, pressure reducing valve, and sand strainer.
  - 1. Provide sleeve in wall for service main and support at wall with reinforced concrete bridge. Calk enlarged sleeve and make watertight with pliable material. Anchor service main inside to concrete wall.

#### SECTION 221006 PLUMBING PIPING SPECIALTIES

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Drains.
- B. Cleanouts.
- C. Hose bibbs.
- D. Water hammer arrestors.
- E. Mixing valves.

### 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASME A112.6.3 Floor Drains; 2022.
- B. NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; 2022, with Errata.
- C. NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content; 2022.
- D. PDI-WH 201 Water Hammer Arresters; 2017.

### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide component sizes, rough-in requirements, service sizes, and finishes.
- C. Shop Drawings: Indicate dimensions, weights, and placement of openings and holes.
- D. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate assembly and support requirements.
- E. Maintenance Data: Include installation instructions, spare parts lists, exploded assembly views.
- F. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of equipment, cleanouts, backflow preventers, and water hammer arrestors.
- G. Maintenance Materials: Furnish the following for Owner's use in maintenance of project.
  - 1. See Section 016000 Product Requirements for additional provisions.
  - 2. Extra Loose Keys for Outside Hose Bibbs: One.

### 1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the Products specified in this section with not less than three years documented experience.

### 1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Accept specialties on site in original factory packaging. Inspect for damage.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Specialties in Potable Water Supply Systems: Provide products that comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 for maximum lead content.

### 2.02 DRAINS

- A. Floor Drains:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company: www.jrsmith.com/#sle.
    - b. Josam
    - c. MIFAB, Inc: www.mifab.com/#sle.
    - d. Zurn Industries, LLC: www.zurn.com/#sle.
    - e. Watts
- B. Floor Drain Finished area/Toilet room (FD-1):

- 1. ASME A112.6.3; lacquered cast iron or stainless steel, two piece body with double drainage flange, weep holes, reversible clamping collar, and round, adjustable nickel-bronze strainer.
- 2. Equal to Zurn Z415-BZ1.
- C. Linear Drain Shower Room (FD-2):
  - 1. Factory fabricated stainless steel channel and grate with built in outlet pipe.
  - 2. Plumbing Connector Type: Stainless steel.
  - 3. Channel Length: 32 inches.
  - 4. Grate Style: Solid tray to accept tile to match floor; with drainage slot at edges.
- D. Linear Drain Shower Room (FD-3):
  - 1. Factory fabricated stainless steel channel and grate with built in outlet pipe.
  - 2. Plumbing Connector Type: Stainless steel.
  - 3. Channel Length: 60 inches.Grate Style: Solid tray to accept tile to match floor; with drainage slot at edges.
  - 4. Grate Style: Solid tray to accept tile to match floor; with drainage slot at edges.
- E. Floor Sink (FD-4):
  - 1. ASME A112.6.3; lacquered cast iron or stainless steel, two piece body with double drainage flange, weep holes, reversible clamping collar, and round, adjustable nickel-bronze extra heavy duty strainer with hinged 3/4 grate and sediment bucket.
  - 2. Set with cover flush to finished floor, in accessible location, but not in the normal path of travel.
  - 3. Equal to Zurn Z1752

### 2.03 CLEANOUTS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Jay R. Smith Manufacturing Company: www.jrsmith.com/#sle.
  - 2. Josam Company: www.josam.com/#sle.
  - 3. MIFAB, Inc; C1100-R: www.mifab.com/#sle.
  - 4. Zurn Industries, LLC: www.zurn.com/#sle.
  - 5. Watts
- B. Cleanouts at Interior Finished Floor Areas FCO:
  - 1. Galvanized cast iron body with anchor flange, reversible clamping collar, threaded top assembly, and round gasketed scored Nickel Bronze cover in service areas and hard surface finished floors and round gasketed depressed cover to accept floor finish in carpeted floor areas.
- C. Cleanouts at Interior Finished Wall Areas WCO:
  - 1. Line type with lacquered cast iron body and round epoxy coated gasketed cover, and round stainless steel access cover secured with machine screw.
- D. Cleanouts at Interior Unfinished Accessible Areas CO: Calked or threaded type. Provide bolted stack cleanouts on vertical rainwater leaders.

#### 2.04 WATER HAMMER ARRESTORS

- A. Water Hammer Arrestors:
  - Stainless steel construction, bellows type sized in accordance with PDI-WH 201, precharged suitable for operation in temperature range minus 100 to 300 degrees F (minus 73 to 149 degrees C) and maximum 250 psi (1700 kPa) working pressure.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.01 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install floor drains at low point in floor. Corrdinate final "flush to finished floor" drain cover elevation with GC flooring installer. If entire floor is not pitched to floor drain, create 2' diameter low point at drain, pitched ~1/8"/foot.

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#### SECTION 224000 PLUMBING FIXTURES

### PART 1 GENERAL

### **1.01 SECTION INCLUDES**

- A. Flush valve water closets.
- B. Wall-hung, solid surface, multistation lavatory units.
- C. Wall-hung, multistation wash fountains.
- D. Sinks.
- E. Under-lavatory pipe supply covers.
- F. Shower receptors.

### 1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 064100 Architectural Wood Casework: Counters for sinks and lavatories.
- B. Section 079200 Joint Sealants: Sealing joints between fixtures and walls and floors.
- C. Section 221005 Plumbing Piping.
- D. Section 221006 Plumbing Piping Specialties.
- E. Section 223000 Plumbing Equipment.
- F. Section 260583 Wiring Connections: Electrical characteristics and wiring connections.

### 1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ADA Standards 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design; 2010.
- B. ASME A112.6.1M Floor-Affixed Supports for Off-the-Floor Plumbing Fixtures for Public Use; 1997 (Reaffirmed 2017).
- C. ASME A112.18.1 Plumbing Supply Fittings; 2018, with Errata.
- D. ASME A112.18.9 Protectors/Insulators for Exposed Waste and Supplies on Accessible Fixtures; 2011 (Reaffirmed 2022).
- E. ASME A112.19.1 Enamelled Cast Iron and Enamelled Steel Plumbing Fixtures; 2018.
- F. ASME A112.19.2 Ceramic Plumbing Fixtures; 2018, with Errata.
- G. ASME A112.19.4M Porcelain Enameled Formed Steel Plumbing Fixtures; 1994 (Reaffirmed 2009).
- H. ASME A112.19.5 Flush Valves and Spuds for Water Closets, Urinals, and Tanks; 2022.
- I. ASME A112.19.15 Bathtubs/Whirlpool Bathtubs with Pressure Sealed Doors; 2012 (Reaffirmed 2022).
- J. ASSE 1014 Performance Requirements for Backflow Prevention Devices for Hand-Held Showers; 2020.
- K. ASSE 1070 Performance Requirements for Water Temperature Limiting Devices; 2020.
- L. ASTM C1822 Standard Specification for Insulating Covers on Accessible Lavatory Piping; 2021.
- M. ICC A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities; 2017.
- N. NSF 61 Drinking Water System Components Health Effects; 2022, with Errata.
- O. NSF 372 Drinking Water System Components Lead Content; 2022.
- P. UL (DIR) Online Certifications Directory; Current Edition.

# 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 013000 Administrative Requirements for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Provide catalog illustrations of fixtures, sizes, rough-in dimensions, utility sizes, trim, and finishes.

- C. Manufacturer's Instructions: Indicate installation methods and procedures.
- D. Sustainable Design Documentation: Submit appropriate evidence that materials used in potable water systems comply with the specified requirements.
- E. Maintenance Data: Include fixture trim exploded view and replacement parts lists.
- F. Warranty: Submit manufacturer warranty and ensure forms have been completed in Owner's name and registered with manufacturer.

#### **1.05 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the type of products specified in this section, with minimum three years of documented experience.

#### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Accept fixtures on-site in factory packaging. Inspect for damage.
- B. Protect installed fixtures from damage by securing areas and by leaving factory packaging in place to protect fixtures and prevent use.

### 1.07 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 017800 Closeout Submittals for additional warranty requirements.
- B. Provide five year manufacturer warranty for electric water cooler.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.01 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Potable Water Systems: Provide plumbing fittings and faucets that comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 for maximum lead content; label pipe and fittings.
- B. Water Efficiency: EPA WaterSense label is required for all water closets, urinals, lavatory faucets, and showerheads.

#### 2.02 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with applicable codes for installation of plumbing systems.
- B. Comply with UL (DIR) requirements.
- C. Perform work in accordance with local health department regulations.
- D. Provide certificate of compliance from Authority Having Jurisdiction indicating approval of installation.

#### 2.03 PLUMBING FIXTURES

- A. See Plumbing Plans for Plumbing Fixture Schedule
  - 1. Provide Plumbing Fixtures and all accessories as indicated on the plumbing fixture schedule on the drawings. Acceptable manufacturer are indicated below.
    - a. American Standard, Inc: www.americanstandard-us.com/#sle.
    - b. Delany Products: www.delanyproducts.com/#sle.
    - c. DXV by American Standard, Inc: www.dxv.com/#sle.
    - d. Sloan Valve Company: www.sloanvalve.com/#sle.
    - e. Kohler Company: www.kohler.com/#sle.
    - f. Viega LLC: www.viega.us/#sle.
    - g. Zurn Industries, Inc: www.zurn.com/#sle.
    - h. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.

#### 2.04 FLUSH VALVE WATER CLOSETS - ADA (WC-1)

- A. Water Closets: Vitreous china, ASME A112.19.2, floor mounted, siphon jet flush action.
  - 1. Bowl: ASME A112.19.2; 16.5 inches high with elongated rim.
  - 2. Flush Valve: Exposed (top spud).
  - 3. Flush Operation: Manual, oscillating handle.
  - 4. Handle Height: 44 inches (1117 mm) or less.
  - 5. Supply Size: 1-1/2 inches (38 mm).

- 6. Outlet Size: 4 inches (\_\_\_\_\_ mm).
- 7. Color: White.
- B. See Plumbing Schedule for Model Information
- C. Flush Valves: ASME A112.18.1, diaphragm type, complete with vacuum breaker stops and accessories.
  - 1. Sensor-Operated Type: Solenoid or motor-driven operator, low voltage hard-wired, infrared sensor with mechanical over-ride or over-ride push button.
  - 2. Exposed Type: Chrome plated, escutcheon, integral screwdriver stop.
- D. See Plumbing Schedule for Model Information
- E. Seats:
  - 1. Solid white plastic, open front, extended back, self-sustaining hinge, brass bolts, without cover.
  - 2. See Plumbing Schedule for Model Information
- F. Water Closet Carriers:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Jay R. Smith MFG. Co: www.jrsmith.com/#sle.
    - b. JOSAM Company: www.josam.com/#sle.
    - c. Zurn Industries, Inc: www.zurn.com/#sle.
    - d. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - 2. ASME A112.6.1M; adjustable cast iron frame, integral drain hub and vent, adjustable spud, lugs for floor and wall attachment, threaded fixture studs with nuts and washers.

### 2.05 LAVATORIES - ADA (LAV-1)

- A. Wall-Hung Basin:
  - 1. Porcelain-Enamelled Cast Iron: ASME A112.19.1; white, rectangular basin with splash lip, front overflow, soap depression, and hanger. Size as indicated on drawings with 4-inch (100 mm) centerset spacing.
  - 2. Vitreous China: ASME A112.19.2; white, rectangular basin with splash lip, front overflow, soap depression, and hanger. Size as indicated on drawings with 4-inch (100 mm) centerset spacing.
  - 3. Carrier:
    - a. ASME A112.6.1M; cast iron and steel frame with tubular legs, lugs for floor and wall attachment, threaded studs for fixture hanger, bearing plate and studs.
    - b. Manufacturers:
      - 1) Jay R. Smith MFG. Co: www.jrsmith.com/#sle.
      - 2) JOSAM Company: www.josam.com/#sle.
      - 3) Zurn Industries, LLC; Z1231: www.zurn.com/#sle.
- B. See Plumbing Schedule for Model Information
- C. Thermostatic Mixing Valve:
  - 1. ASSE 1070 listed with combination stop, strainer, and check valves, and flexible stainless steel connectors.
- D. See Plumbing Schedule for Model Information
- E. Accessories:
  - 1. Chrome-plated 17 gauge, 0.0538 inch (1.37 mm) brass P-trap with clean-out plug and arm with escutcheon.

### 2.06

#### 2.07 UNDER-LAVATORY PIPE SUPPLY COVERS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Plumberex Specialty Products, Inc: www.plumberex.com/#sle.
  - 2. Truebro
  - 3. Oatey

4. Substitutions: See Section 016000 - Product Requirements.

#### B. General:

- 1. Insulate exposed drainage piping, as well as, hot, cold and tempered water supplies under lavatories or sinks per ADA Standards.
- 2. Construction: 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) PVC with antimicrobial, antifungal and UV resistant properties.
  - a. Comply with ASME A112.18.9 for covers on accessible lavatory piping.
  - b. Comply with ICC A117.1.
- 3. Color: High gloss white.
- 4. Fasteners: Reusable, snap-locking fasteners with no sharp or abrasive external surfaces. No cable ties allowed.

#### 2.08 SHOWERS (SH-1, SH-2)

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. American Standard, Inc: www.americanstandard-us.com/#sle.
  - 2. Aqua Glass Corporation: www.aquaglass.com/#sle.
  - 3. Kohler Company: www.kohler.com/#sle.
  - 4. Aquatic: www.aquaticbath.com
  - 5. Substitutions: See Section 016000 Product Requirements.
  - 6. See Plumbing Schedule for Model Information

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that walls and floor finishes are prepared and ready for installation of fixtures.
- B. Verify that electric power is available and of the correct characteristics.
- C. Confirm that millwork is constructed with adequate provision for the installation of counter top lavatories and sinks.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

A. Rough-in fixture piping connections in accordance with minimum sizes indicated in fixture rough-in schedule for particular fixtures.

#### 3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Install each fixture with trap, easily removable for servicing and cleaning.
- B. Provide chrome-plated rigid or flexible supplies to fixtures with loose key stops, reducers, and escutcheons.
- C. Install components level and plumb.
- D. Install and secure fixtures in place with wall supports and bolts.
- E. Solidly attach water closets to floor with lag screws. Lead flashing is not intended to hold fixture in place.

#### 3.04 INTERFACE WITH WORK OF OTHER SECTIONS

A. Review millwork shop drawings. Confirm location and size of fixtures and openings before rough-in and installation.

### 3.05 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust stops or valves for intended water flow rate to fixtures without splashing, noise, or overflow.

#### 3.06 CLEANING

- A. Clean plumbing fixtures and equipment.
- B. See Section 017419 Construction Waste Management and Disposal for additional requirements.

### 3.07 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage due to subsequent construction operations.
- B. Do not permit use of fixtures by construction personnel.
- C. Repair or replace damaged products before Date of Substantial Completion.